Covid-19 Fears Key Findings in Malawi

May 29, 2020

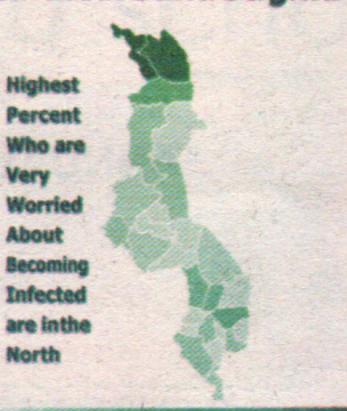


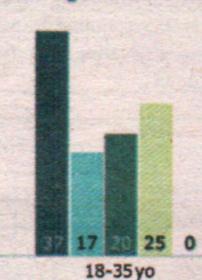
Malawians Don't Fear Covid-19 as much as Hunger, Loss of Access to Healthcare and Stigma

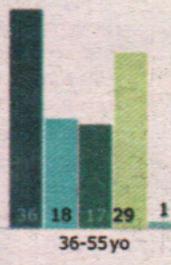
The majority of Malawians are not very worried about becoming infected with Covid-19. The percentage varies across districts, with the highest amount of concern in Chipita and Karonga, on the Tanzanian border, but most are not very worried.

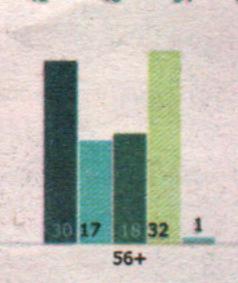
Malawians over 55 years old are the least likely to be very worried about becoming infected, even though they face the greatest risk from infection.

Percent Who Are Very Worried About Becoming Infected Grouped by Age¹









Very Worried Somewhat Worried Only a Little Worried Not Worried at All Not Sure

Majority of Malawians Fear They Will Go Hungry

Due to Covid-19²



Malawians in the Southern region are themostlikelytofear going hungry.

Malawians who identify as 22 outsiders in their community are more likely

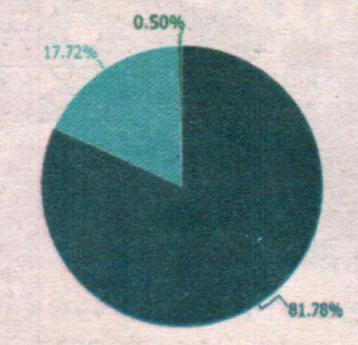


to fear going hungry. Malawians with higher education levels are less



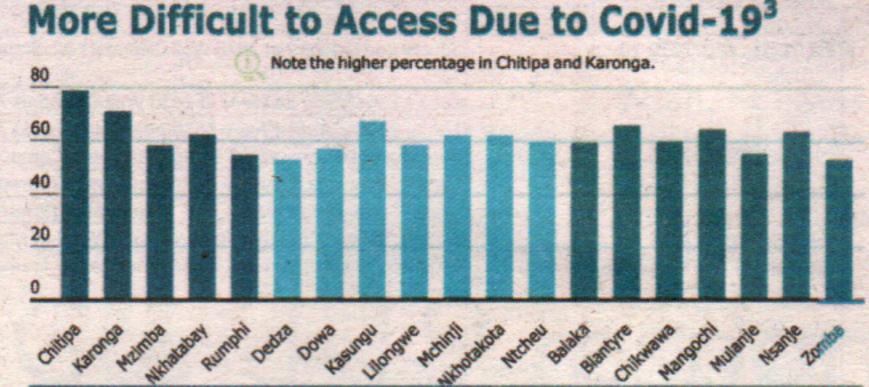
Older Malawians are less likely to fear going hungry.

likely to fear going hungry.



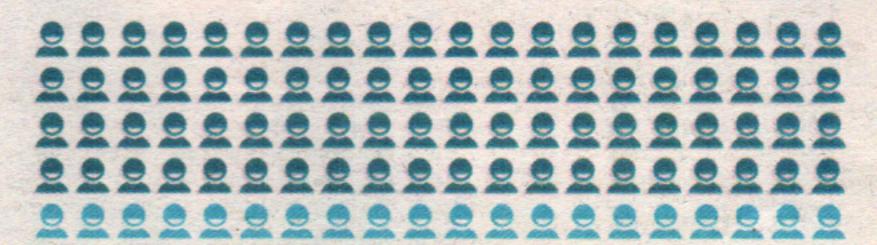
FearThey Will Go Hungry Do Not FearThey Will Go Hungry Don't Know/Refuse to Answer

About 60% of Malawians Fear Healthcare Will Be



About 76% of Malawians Believe Others Will Think

Poorly of Them if They Have Covid-194



Will Think Poorly of Me Will Not Think Poorly of Me

These are preliminary findings from the 1st GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey (N= 4078, May 7-28, 2020). For more information, contact Boniface Dulani (bdulani@ipormw.org) in Malawi or Ellen Lust (ellen.lust@gu.se) elsewhere. We thank the Swedish Research Council and FORMAS for funding this project and for their continued support of GLD (gid.gu.se).

Full Survey Questions:

1- How worried are you about getting infected with Covid 197 Would you say you are... Very Worried, Somewhat worried, only a little worried, not worried at all, not sure, refuse to answer

2- Do you fear that you will be hungry/go without food because of the Covid-19 pandemic? 3-Do you think it will be more difficult to get access to healthcare because of Covid 19?

4- Do you think others would treat you poorly if they believed you had Covid 19?

How to Cite:

Metheney, Erica; Lust, Ellen; Dulani, Boniface. 2020. "Covid-19 Fears." Data drawn from Lust, Ellen (PI); Dulani, Boniface; Harris, Adam; Ferree, Karen; Kao, Kristen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. The First GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey in Malawi. www.gld.gu.se

Covid-19 Social Reactions

Key Findings in Malawi

June 11, 2020

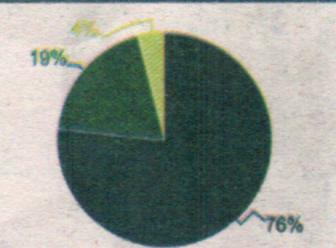




Stigma, Stereotypes, and Symptoms Affect Malawians' Response

Stigma

3 out of 4 Malawians Fear Others Would Think Poorly of Themif They Were Suspected to have Covid 191



No
Don't
Know/Refuse

to Answer

Stereotypes

Malawians are More Likely to Think Zambians and Malawians of Indian Descent have Covid 19 and are Less Likely to Help Them?

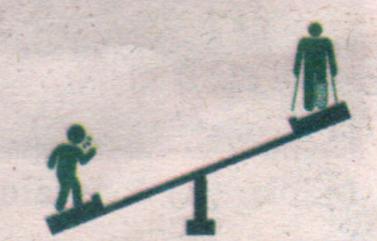


Symptoms

Malawians are Less Likely to Help Those with

Dooblamo

Covid 19 Symptoms than Those with Other



These are preliminary findings from the 1st GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey (N= 4641, May 7-June 10, 2020). For more information, contact Boniface Dulani (bdulani@ipormw.org) in Malawi or Ellen Lust (ellen.lust@gu.se) elsewhere. We thank the Swedish Research Council and FORMAS for funding this project and for their continued support of GLD.

Full Survey Questions:

- 1- Do you think others would treat you poorly if they believed you had Covid 19?
- 2- Preliminary results from survey experiment by Dulani, Boniface; Ferree, Karen; Harris, Adam; Kao, Kristen; Lust, Ellen; Metheney, Erica. Details available upon request.

How to Cite:

Metheney, Erica; Lust, Ellen; Dulani, Boniface. 2020. "Covid-19 Social Reactions." Data drawn from Lust, Ellen (PI); Dulani, Boniface; Harris, Adam; Ferree, Karen; Kao, Kristen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. The First GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey in Malawi. www.gld.gu.se

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t food because of the Covid-19 pandemic?
ess to healthcare because of Covid 19?
ty if they believed you had Covid 19?

ADVEKTISING

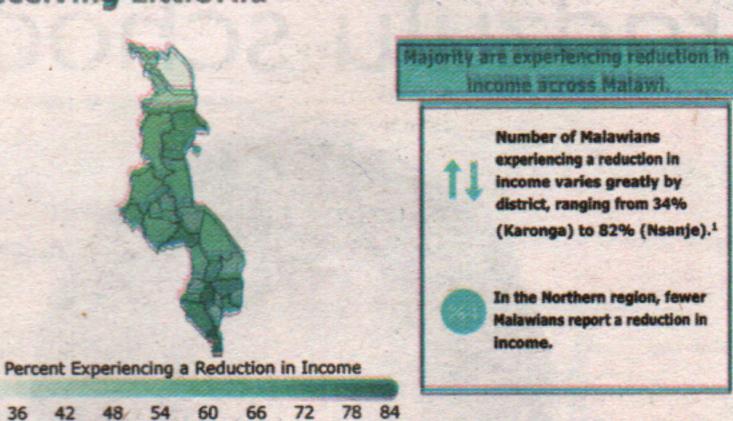
Covid-19 Economic Impact

Key Findings in Malawi

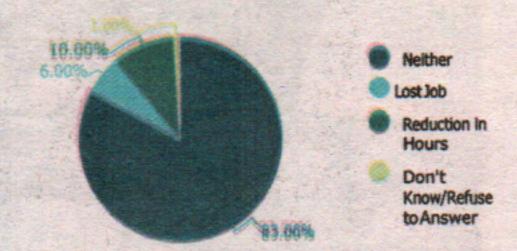
June 11, 2020



Malawians Experiencing Increasing Economic Stress, Receiving Little Aid



While Malawians see a loss of income, only 16% have lost a job or are working reduced hours. 2



What percent of Malawians have lost a Job or experienced a reduction in hours due to the Covid-19 pandemic?

Despite High Levels of Need, Few Receive Aid



Percent in Need of Assistance Due to Covid-19

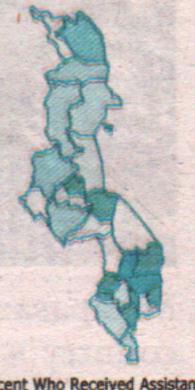
Dark grey areas had insufficient data

Number of Malawians in need of assistance due to Covid-19 varies greatly across districts, ranging from 30% to 60%3.

Despite high numbers of people in need, in most districts, people are not receiving assistance4.

There are three notable exceptions: Zomba (39%), Balaka (41%), and Karonga (23%).

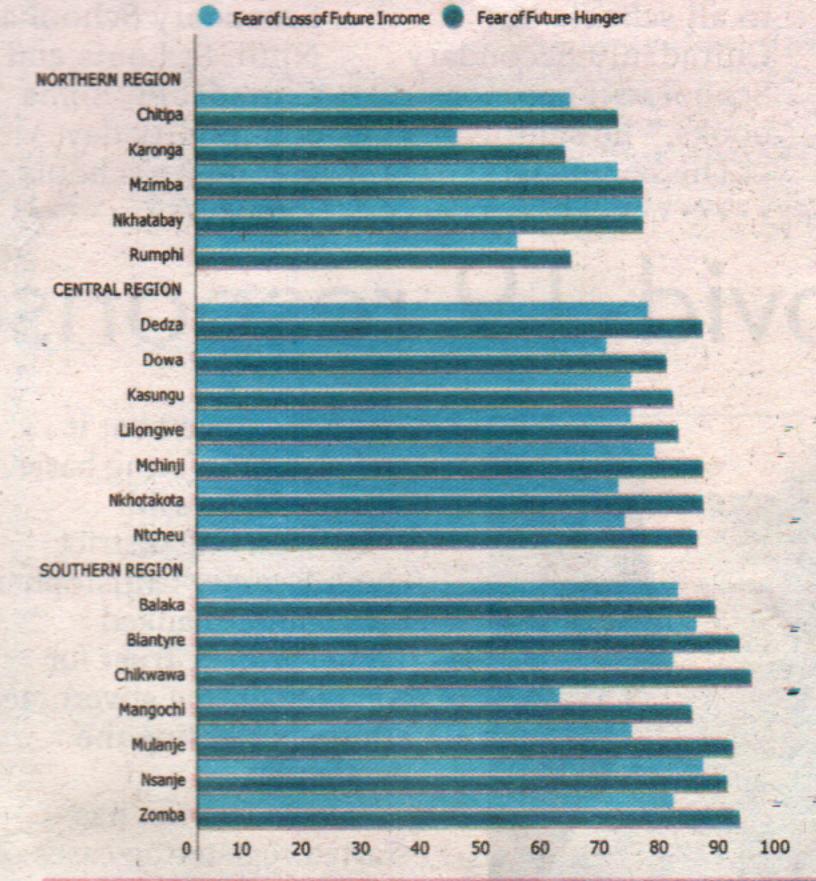
In the remaining districts, only 7% are receiving assistance.



Percent Who Received Assistance Given They Had Need

32 40

Malawians Worry about Future Economic Hardships 5,6



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Full Survey Questions:

- 1- Have you experienced a reduction in income/salary due to the Covid-19 pandemic?
- 2- Have you lost a job or experienced a reduction in hours due to the Covid-19 pandemic?

3-Have you needed assistance during the Covid 19 crisis?

4-[if assistance was needed] Have you received assistance during the Covid 19 crisis? 5-Do you fear a reduction in future income/salary due to the Covid-19 pandemic? 6-Do you fear that you will be hungry/go without food because of the Covid-19 pandemic?

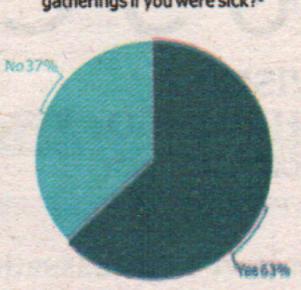
Covid-19 Response to Illness

Key Findings in Malawi

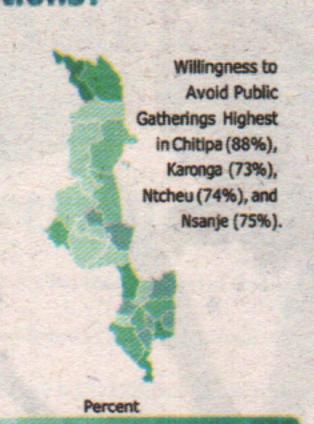


June 9, 2020 Are Malawians Waiting Until Symptoms are **Prevalent to Take Precautions?**

Would you stay away from public gatherings if you were sick?1



About 1 in 3 Malawians Say They Would Na Stay Away from Public Gatherings if They had Covid-19 Symptoms



75

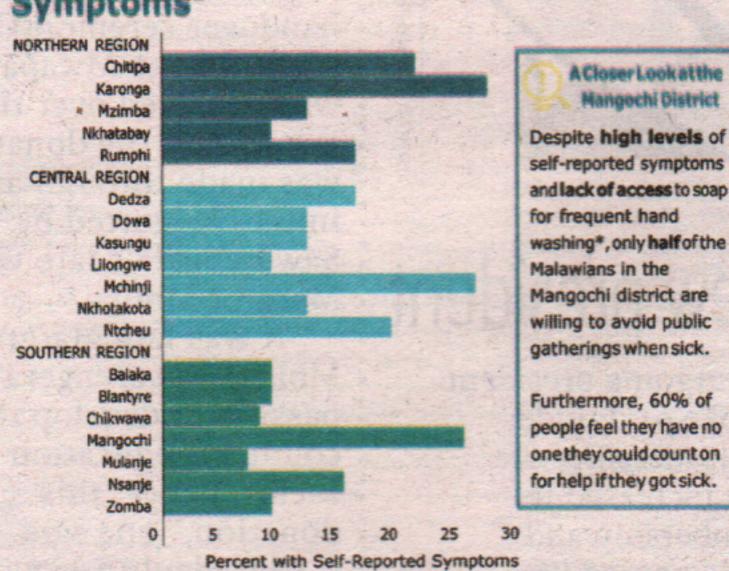
A Closer Look at the

Mangochi District

70

Karonga, Mchinji, Mangochi, and Chitipa Have Highest Percentage of Self-reported Covid-19

Symptoms²



one they could count on for help if they got sick.

45% of Malawians Report Not Having Someone to Help Them if Sick from Covid-193

Where are Malawians Getting Help? Neighbor **Family** 32% 51% Religious Leader Village Head 33% 26% Northern districts have lowest percent Percent Without Someone to Help Them of people with no one to help them.

These are preliminary findings from the 1st GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey (N = 4641, May 7-June 8, 2020). For more information, contact Boniface Dulani (bdulani@ipormw.org) in Malawi or Ellen Lust (elleq.lust@gu.se) elsewhere. We thank the Swedish Research Council and FORMAS for funding this project and for their continued support of GLD.

Full Survey Questions:

10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60

1 - Have you had a dry cough, shortness of breath, or fever during the past two weeks? -> Given your symptoms did you? OR If you had these symptoms would you? -> Stay away from public functions like church meetings or funerals?

2- Have you had a dry cough, shortness of breath, or fever during the past two weeks? 3- If you were sick from Covid 19, could you count on help from: family, neighbors, Village Head/Neighborhood Leader, religious

How to Cite:

Metheney, Erica; Lust, Ellen; Dulani, Boniface. 2020. "Covid-19 Response to Illness." Data drawn from Lust, Ellen (PI); Dulani, Boniface; Harris, Adam; Ferree, Karen; Kao, Kristen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. The First GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey in Malawi. www.gld.gu.se

Covid-19: Trust in Authorities

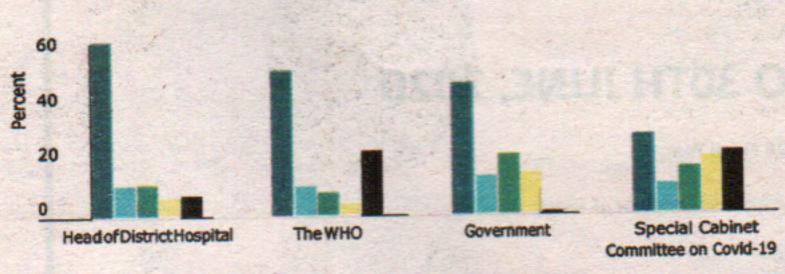
Key Findings in Malawi

June 3, 2020

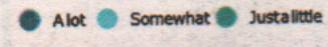




Malawians Most Trust Health Professionals to Address Covid-19 Crisis, Wary It Becomes a Political Football 1



How much do you trust each of the following?





Notatall Haven't Heard Enough to Say



Malawianshavea lot of trust in healthcare providers (64% Head of District Hospitals, 53% WHO) and are unlikely to say they do not trust healthcare providers atall (6% Head of District Hospitals, 4% WHO). Even though many Malawians haven'theard enough to have an opinion about the WHO (24%) or The Special Cabinet Committee on Covid-19 (22.5%), trust in the WHO is much higher.

Malawians Recognize Importance of Medical Expertise



Do you think the head of the district hospital best undertands the novel coronavirus?2



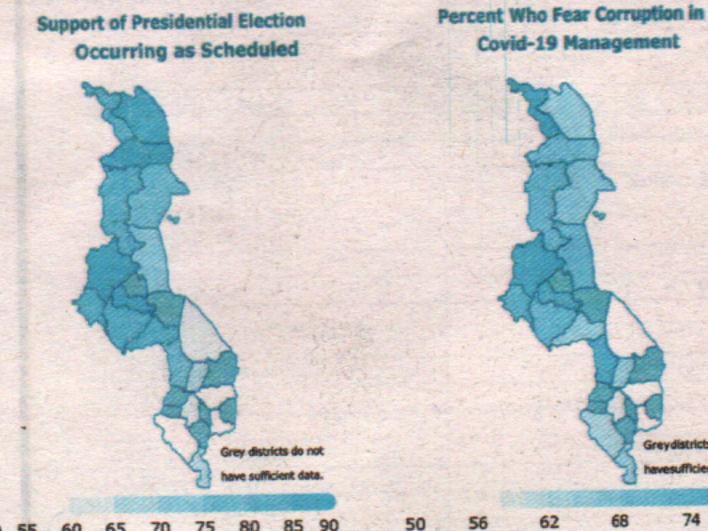
Survey Experiment^[1] Shows That When Directives Come from the **Head of a District Hospital:**

Malawians are more likely to comply with the directive (compared to directives from a religious leader).

Malawians are more likely to believe this person has the right to make such a request (compared to a religious leader).

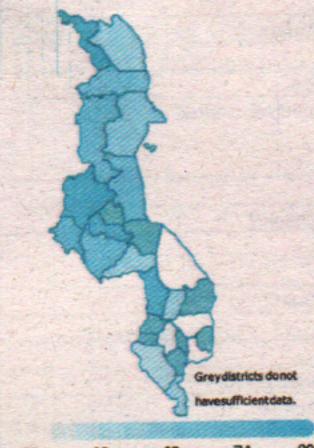
Details on the full experiment can be found here.

Looking Ahead: Malawians Fear Corruption in Covid-19 Management and Think the Presidential Election Should be Held as Scheduled





75% of Malawians Think **Presidential Election Should be** Held as Scheduled3





67% of Malawians Fear Corruption in Covid-19 Management⁴

These are preliminary findings from the 1st GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey (N= 4632, May 7- June 2, 2020). For more information, contact Boniface Dulani (bdulani@ipormw.org) in Malawi or Ellen Lust (ellen.lust@gu.se) elsewhere. We thank the Swedish Research Council and FORMAS for funding this project and for their continued support of GLD (gld.gu.se).

Full survey questions:

1-How much do you trust each of the following, or haven't you heard enough to say?

2- Which of the following do you think best understands the coronavirus?

3- Do you think the presidential elections should be held on July 2nd as scheduled, given Covid 19?

4- In some countries, some politicians have used the crisis to increase their power/authority or enrich themselves. Do you worry that this is happening or could happen here in Malawi?

[1]-Dulani, Boniface; Ferree, Karen; Harris, Adam; Kao, Kristen; Lust, Ellen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. "The ABCs of Covid-19 Prevention in Malawi: Authority, Benefits, and Costs of Compliance.".https://drive.google.com/file/d/1v1GxuJVK95Nh1uRz_H3FzeY2nHSlwVZv/view

How to Cite:

Metheney, Erica; Lust, Ellen; Dulani, Boniface. 2020. "Covid-19 Trust in Authorities." Data drawn from Lust, Ellen (PI); Dulani, Boniface; Harris, Adam; Ferree, Karen; Kao, Kristen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. The First GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey in Malawi. www.gld.gu.se

Covid-19 Vulnerabilities





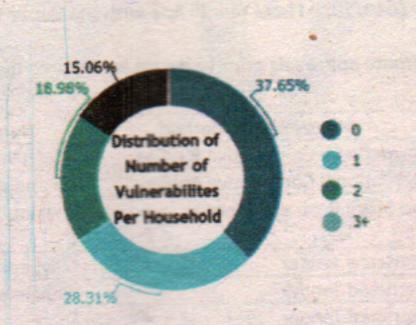
Key Findings in Malawi June 5, 2020

This report examines 6 vulnerabilities to

Covid-19

- Household Density = # of people in house/ # of rooms in house
- Presence of Household Member > 55 Years Old Multi-Generational Household = Children and Someone > 55 years
- Not Enough Water to Wash Hands Frequently
- No Soap/Sanitizer Within the Home
- Pre-existing Health Conditions

82% of Malawians Say Income Doesn't Meet Needs, Opens Door to Covid-19 Vulnerabilities1

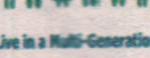




Percent with Insufficient Income

Vulnerabilities in the Home: About 1 in 5 Malawians...







than 2 People Per Room³



with a Pre-existing Condition*

Lack of Soap, Not Access to Water, is Greatest Challenge to Frequent Handwashing in Malawi



95% of Malawians have access to enough water for their entire family to wash handsfrequently.5



26% of Malawians do NOT have access to soap or sanitizer to wash hands.6



Need for soap is greater in Southern and Central Regions than in Northern Region.



Lack of soap is associated with insufficient income.



Percent Without Soap/Santizer

14 18 22 26 30 34 Dark grey areas had insufficient data.

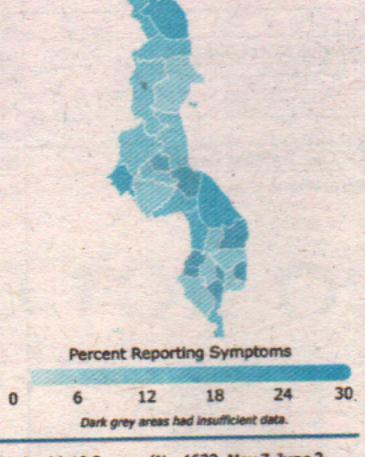
Prevalance of Self-Reported **Symptoms Varies Greatly by** District7



Karonga, Mchinji, and Mangochi have the highest percentages of selfreported cases, each around 25%.



In addition to having some of the highest percentages of self-reported cases, Mchinji and Mangochi have nearly 30% without of soap in the home.



These are preliminary findings from the 1st GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey (N = 4632, May 7-June 2, 2020). For more information, contact Boniface Dulani (bdulani@ipormw.org) in Malawi or Ellen Lust (ellen.lust@gu.se) elsewhere. We thank the Swedish Research Council and FORMAS for funding this project and for their continued support of GLD (gld.gu.se).

Full Survey Questions 1- I will read out a few statements about your income. Please tell me, which of the following statement is closest to your situation:

Our household income covers the needs well - we can save.

Our household income covers the needs alright, without much difficulty.

Our household income does not cover the needs, there are difficulties. Our household income does not cover the needs, there are great difficulties. Don't Know/Refuse to answer

2- Are children under the age of 18 currently living in this household?, What is the age of the oldest member of your household? 3- How many people currently live with you in your household?, How many rooms are in your house?

4- Does anyone in your household have diabetes, high blood pressure, lung disease or other chronic health problems?

5- Do you have enough water for everyone in your household to wash their hands frequently? 6- Do you have access to soap or hand sanitizer in your home for washing hands? 7- Have you had a dry cough, shortness of breath, or fever during the past two weeks?

Metheney, Erica; Lust, Ellen; Dulani, Boniface. 2020. "Covid-19 Vulnerabilities." Data drawn from Lust, Ellen (PI); Dulani, Boniface; Harris, Adam; Ferree, Karen; Kao, Kristen; Metheney, Erica. 2020. The First GLD-IPOR Covid-19 Survey in Malewi. www.gld.gu.se